

IN THE CLAIMS

15. (Previously presented) A processing device for executing virtual machine instructions; the processing device comprising:
- an instruction memory for storing instructions including at least one of the virtual machine instructions;
 - a microcontroller comprising a processor comprising a predetermined microcontroller core for executing native instructions from a predetermined set of microcontroller specific instructions; the native instructions being different from the virtual machine instructions; and
 - a pre-processor comprising:
 - a converter for converting at least one virtual machine instruction, fetched from the instruction memory into at least one native instruction; and
 - feeding means for feeding native instructions to the microcontroller core for execution;
- characterized in that
- the processing device is a stack oriented machine, that at least the top elements of the stack are mapped onto registers of the microcontroller and in that the position of the top of the register stack is indicated using a register of the converter.
16. (Previously presented) A processing device according to claim 15, characterized in that the converter converts a virtual machine instruction into native instructions under control of micro code.
17. (Previously presented) A processing device according to claim 216, characterized in that said conversion includes the calculation of indications for argument registers for the native instructions from a value in the said register of the converter.
18. (Previously presented) A processing device according to claim 216 or 3, characterized in that the virtual machine instruction is the Java byte code 'bipush n', said code being converted into a sequence of native MIPS instructions.

19. (Previously presented) A processing device according to ~~one of the previous~~ claim 15, characterised in that:

the processor is of a type which after the occurrence of a predetermined condition, such as an interrupt, requests re-feeding of up to a predetermined maximum of n native instructions, where $n > 1$; and

the feeding means comprises means for in response to the processor requesting re-feeding of a number of native instructions, re-feeding the requested native instructions.

20. (Previously presented) A processing device as claimed in claim ~~5~~19, characterised in that the pre-processor comprises a feeding memory for storing at least n instructions which were last fed to the processor; and

in that the feeding means is operative to, in response to the processor requesting re-feeding of a number of instructions, re-feeding the requested instructions from the feeding memory.

21. (Previously presented) A pre-processor for use with a microcontroller comprising a processor comprising a predetermined microcontroller core for executing native instructions from a predetermined set of microcontroller specific instructions;

the pre-processor comprising:

a converter for converting at least one virtual machine instruction, fetched from an instruction memory, into at least one native instruction; the native instructions being different from the virtual machine instructions; and

feeding means for feeding native instructions to the microcontroller core for execution;

characterised in that the pre-processor and the processor are part of a stack oriented machine, that at least the top elements of the stack are mapped onto registers of the microcontroller and in that the position of the top of the memory stack is indicated using a register of the converter.

22. (Previously presented) A pre-processor according to claim 721, characterized in that the converter converts a virtual machine instruction into native instructions under control of micro code.

23. (Previously presented) A pre-processor according to claim 822, characterized in that said conversion includes the calculation of indications from argument registers for the native instructions from a value in the said register of the converter.

24. (Previously presented) A processing device according to claim ~~8~~922, characterized in that the virtual machine instruction is the Java byte code 'bipush n', said code being converted into a sequence of native MIPS instructions.